



ETIP SNET

EUROPEAN
TECHNOLOGY AND
INNOVATION
PLATFORM

SMART
NETWORKS FOR
ENERGY
TRANSITION

PLAN.
INNOVATE.
ENGAGE.

Reliable, economic and efficient smart grid system

INFORPV

Short presentation of the project

- Innovative **Forecasting PV** Energy Yield Solution for Sustainable Large Scale Deployment (**INFORPV**) (Project Budget: €400,000) 

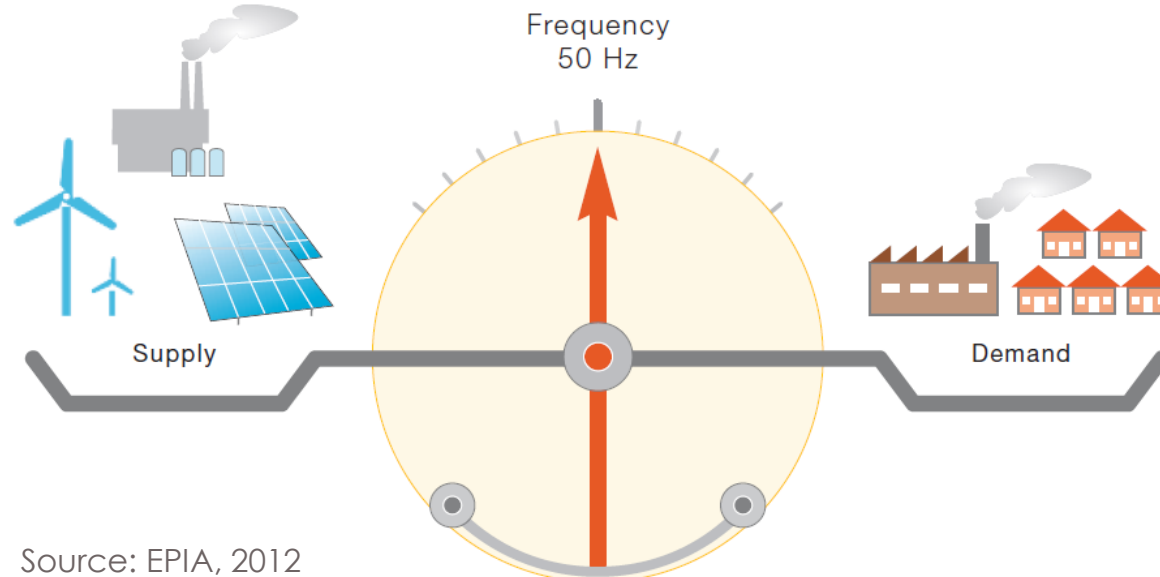
Project Solution

Supply-side Variability and Uncertainty (high solar photovoltaic shares - grid) poses stability problems to grid operators (need to schedule and keep balance)

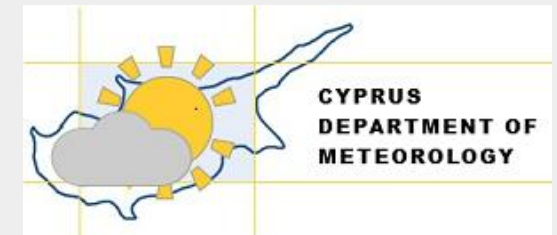
(solution to convert forecasts into operational intelligence)



Decision

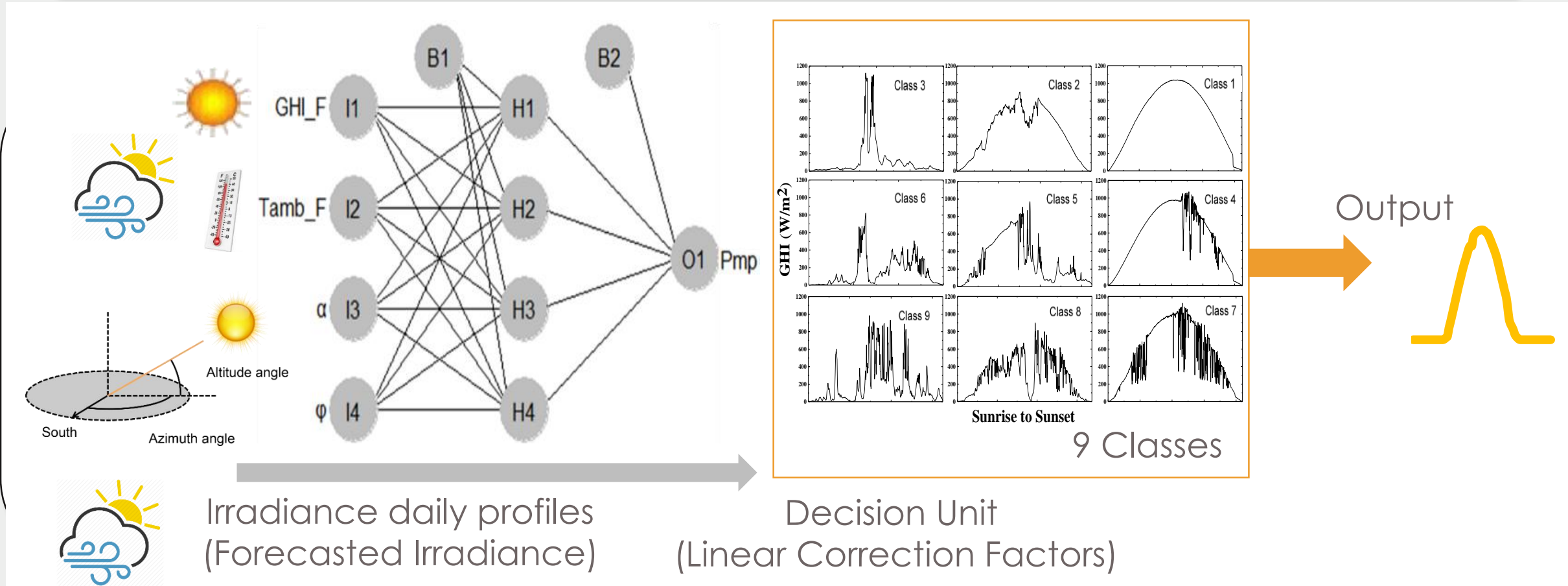


Source: EPIA, 2012



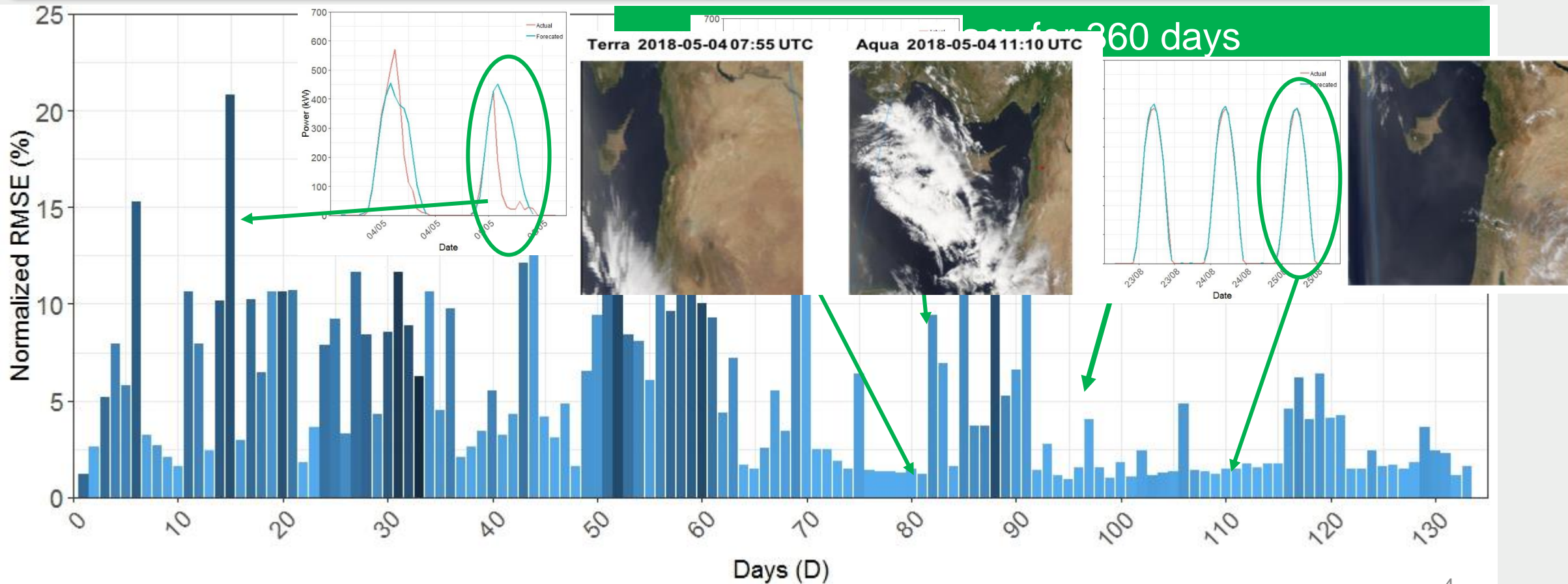
Key exploitable results addressing energy system integration

Result 1 – Development of an optimal sensor-less day-ahead PV power production forecasting algorithm (machine learning and decision entity)



Key exploitable results addressing energy system integration

Result 2 - ~5% root mean square error (RMSE) relative to the nameplate power (5 single plants)



Key exploitable results addressing energy system integration

Result 3: Advanced Hour-ahead forecasting algorithm - fully data-driven with minimum input features (~3% nRMSE for hour-ahead forecasting)

Example: (Curtailed Generation)
 1 MWp plant (1 M€/MWp)
 Energy sold at 70 €/MWh
 Average yearly production of 1600 MWh/year

Forecasting SaaS cost:
 • <1000 €/MWp/yr (SaaS cloud)

Lost revenue at 10% Forecasting
 160 **Accuracy nRMSE : ~3%**

Lost revenue at 5% Forecasting
 80MWh/year ~5,600 €/year



Gain by a factor of 6 (€140,000 / €25,000)
 (from the forecasting service investment)

5 % Absolute Forecast Accuracy Improvement (MAAPE)

70% (S) Network training

Assumptions: CO₂ price is 35 €/ton in 2030 - CO₂ emissions 0.677 kg/kWh

Lessons learned and barriers to innovation deployment

Lessons learned:

- **Sensor-less** PV power production forecasting method **day-ahead ~5%** (train with forecasts)
- **Hour-ahead** PV power production forecasting model accuracy is **~3%** (slide 70% of yearly data)

Barriers:

- **Quality of data** for training data-driven models and the **deployment of smart meters.**
- **Lack of forecasting standards** causes interoperability problems (vendor dependent)

Further testing:

- Data requirement for roof-top **aggregated sites verification**
- Improve accuracy by including a **irradiance ramping rate parameter as input feature**
- **Automatically select operational control scheme** by operating **optimal power flows**

Thank You For Your Attention

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